

with regard to such estates and trusts as the former Administrator-General held. No proceedings, legal or other, pending on a change of the person holding the office of Administrator-General, shall be affected in any way by such change, but such proceedings may be continued by and against the succeeding Administrator-General, whether appointed temporarily or permanently, as they might have been continued by and against the former Administrator-General, without suggestion, revival or other similar proceeding.

46. Estates and trusts under the management of or vested in the Administrator-General, or which the Administrator-General is entitled to administer, or to have vested in him, shall not be administered by the Supreme Court, unless it be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that such estate or trust cannot be properly administered by the Administrator-General, and the Supreme Court shall not have any power to substitute any person for the Administrator-General to perform the duties with regard to any estate or trust vested in or administered by the Administrator-General.

Administering by the Court of estates, etc., vested in him.

47. All applications that may be made to, and whatever may be done by, the Supreme Court under this Act may be made to, and may be done by, a Judge of the Court in Chambers, who, in any proceeding under this Act shall have the same powers and jurisdiction as the Court.

Powers of Judge in Chambers.

48.—(1) The Administrator-General shall be entitled to a commission of six *per centum* on all payments made by him in respect of debts, liabilities, cost of management, and other similar charges, and on all payments in respect of dividends, interests, rents, or other produce, or receipts of any estate or trust, and also on all property, real and personal, conveyed, assigned, or distributed by him, includ-

Remuneration of Administrator-General, by commission.

ing the final transfer of the corpus of any trust fund, or of any part thereof. Such commission shall be the remuneration for the time and responsibility of the Administrator-General in the general administration of the estate or trust and the estate or trust shall not be subject to any other charge in respect thereof.

(2) Any expenses in respect of any other matters, including travelling expenses relating to any estate or trust, may be charged against the estate or trust, in the same way, and to the same extent, that such expenses might be charged under similar circumstances by any administrator, executor, trustee, or guardian, other than the Administrator-General.

#### *Miscellaneous Provisions*

All remuneration other than salary to be paid into the Consolidated Fund.  
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**49.** All commissions, fees and remuneration other than salary, payable to, or receivable by, the Administrator-General, under or in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or under or in pursuance of the provisions of any enactment amending or substituted therefor shall, as the same are received by him, be paid into the Treasury and shall form part of the Consolidated Fund.

Remuneration as receiver or co-trustee, co-guardian, or co-committee.

**50.** When the Administrator-General is appointed by the Supreme Court receiver of any estate, he shall receive the same remuneration that any other person would have been entitled to, if appointed receiver under similar circumstances; and when he is a co-trustee, co-guardian, or co-committee, he shall be entitled to deduct the same fees as if he were the sole trustee, guardian, or committee.

Government to provide office, clerks and expenses of performing duties of office.

**51.** The Government shall provide the Administrator-General with a suitable office, and with such clerks and assistants as may from time to time be necessary; and all expenses of the said office, and all expenses incurred by the